

# The Newport Mercury

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NEWPORT. SATURDAY, AUGUST 10, 1843.

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A. D. 1739

## The Newport Mercury

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY, BY  
**J. H. BARBER.**

No. 133, Thames Street.

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Advertisements not exceeding a square inserted three weeks for \$1, and 17 cents will be charged for each subsequent insertion.—All Advertisements, except where an account is open, must be paid for previous to insertion.

No Paper discontinued (unless at the discretion of the Editor) until arrears are paid. Single papers six cents, to be had at the Office.

**Blank Account Books, Memorandums, Blue and Black Ink, Letter Paper, Steel Pens, Writing Books,** and most kinds of Stationery, constantly for sale by **J. H. BARBER.**

### TO LET.

TWO first rate Tenements in the new House in Brewer street, opposite the Newport Brewery. One tenement is on the first floor and one on the second floor, each tenement consists of four rooms with washroom, lock gret and cellar, with a rain water cistern to each. There is a large and convenient yard, with a pump and good well of water belonging to the premises.

Small families with but few children, would be preferred. The subscriber has also to let, several small tenements. For further information apply to **ROBINSON POTTER.** Newport, April 1.

### TO LET.

The office in the second story of the South Wing of the Rhode Island Union Bank Building. For terms apply at the Bank. April 22.

### FOR SALE.

A very pleasantly situated and valuable FARM, laying on the East side of this Island, and 4 1-2 miles from Newport, being partly in Middletown and partly in Portsmouth, containing about 110 acres of excellent Land; it is well fenced with stone wall. The Farm has on it a double two story dwelling house, a good wash room chaise and milk house, crib and grain house, and a large double barn; all the above buildings are in good repair—there is also a well of good soft water, and a water grist mill that will rent for \$60 per year, and is in excellent grinding order.—There is also a large full grown green orchard, and a young orchard; both orchards are in full bearing of fruit.—The Farm will be sold on reasonable terms as to price and credit, and any one wishing to secure an independence for life, will do well to purchase—it is seldom such a Farm is offered for sale on this Island.

**ROBINSON POTTER.**

### FOR SALE OF TO LET.

THE Estate in Pelham street, late belonging to Capt. T. R. Gardner dec., and long occupied by him as a boarding house. For further particulars apply to **GEORGE ENGS.** Newport, May 6 1843

### HOUSE FOR SALE.

THE estate corner of Thames and Marlborough streets, occupied by J. W. Allan. For terms enquire of **EDWARD T. ALLAN.** July 1.

### TO LET.

And possession given immediately.

THE DWELLING HOUSE in Thames street, belonging to Mr. William Sloenn, situated next North of the Dwelling House of Mr. Jonathan T. Almy. It contains 6 rooms and is convenient for two families. For terms inquire of **PETER P. REMINGTON.** Newport, June 3

THE subscriber intending to relinquish the business in which he has so long been engaged, offers for sale the establishment in Newport, so well known as the **EAGLE HOTEL.**

The house was mostly rebuilt in 1836; is 98 feet in length, and 35 in breadth; and contains four parlors, a large and convenient dining hall, and rooms for the comfortable occupancy of seventy boarders. Attached to it there are a garden, out-houses, stables and every desirable convenience. The central position and extensive accommodations of this establishment will always secure for it a full share of public support at all seasons of the year. It will be sold with or without the furniture. For terms, apply to the present proprietor and occupant, **THOMAS TOWNSEND.** Newport, R. I. Sept. 25. 1844

## A Furnished House to Let.

The subscriber will let for the season or year, the house and garden on Oere Point, the property of Wm. Beach Lawrence, Esq. The garden will be planted and cultivated for the use of the tenant, and there is on the premises an ice-house filled with excellent ice, also for his use.

**RICHARD K. RANDOLPH.** Newport, April 29, 1843.

### TO LET

And Immediate Possession given.

THE HOUSE at the north end of Thames Street, adjoining the House of Wm. Stevens.

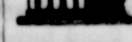
ALSO

A House in Middletown, on the Farm of the subscriber, pleasantly situated on the West Road. For terms apply to **STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.** April 16;

### HOUSE FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale, his House and Lot, situated in the central part of Broad street, occupied by F. Carr.—The House is a substantial well built structure; two stories high, 35 feet in length, by 30 in breadth with an addition to the rear also two stories high, and 18 feet by 12 in dimension together with a wood house, rain water cistern; and a well of good water. The Lot is spacious, being 90 feet on Broad street, and running back upwards of 250 feet, and covered with a variety of fruit and ornamental trees.—The whole forms a most eligible residence for a private family, or may for a small amount be converted into a convenient Boarding House.

**WM. G. HAMMOND.**



**TO LET.** And possession given immediately. THE Dwelling House, corner of Spring and Cannon streets, formerly occupied for many years, by the late Mrs. E. G. Phillips.—It contains a number of lodging rooms, well arranged for a Boarding House, with a good well of water in the cellar, and has an out Kitchen and Stable on the premises. For terms apply to **AUDLEY CLARKE.** Newport May 6.

### For Sale.

House No. 224, corner of Thames and Sanford streets, near the north end of Main Street. Apply to the subscriber in Tiverton, or **JONATHAN T. ALMY, Esq.** in Newport and at the office of the Newport Mercury. **JAMES STEVENS.** May 20, 1843.

### TO LET.

THAT pleasant and commodious Dwelling House, in Washington street, owned and formerly occupied, by Hon. Wm. Hunter.—The Estate is in excellent repair and has been occupied for the last five years by Miss Goff as a Boarding House.—It has a large yard, garden, and an unfailing well of water. It will be Let for One or more years.—For terms, &c. apply to **BENJAMIN FINCH** Newport, March 18.

### SAVINGS' BANK.

A meeting of the Corporation of the **SAVINGS' BANK**, held July 14th 1843, the following named gentlemen were chosen Directors of the Institution, for the ensuing year, viz.—George Engs, S. T. Northam, D. Melville, Job Sherman, Isaac Gould, N. Sweet, R. B. Cranston, John Stevens, G. Bowen, Wm. J. Tilley, Adam S. Coe, S. Brown, R. P. Lee, G. C. Mason, B. Finch, Edwin Wilbur, Wm. Sherman, John V. Harris, C. E. Hammett, B. H. Ailman, B. Marsh, jun. T. G. Brown, Wm. C. Cozzens, Josiah S. Munro, and Benj. H. Tisdale.

And at a subsequent meeting of the Directors on the same day, the following Officers were chosen for the ensuing year:—George Engs, President; Charles Gyles, Treasurer; and **B. B. HOWLAND, Sec'y.** Newport, July 15.

### FRESH FRUIT.

Just Received,

And for sale at the Confectionary of T. STACY, Jr., corner of Frank & Thames Streets,

Oranges, Peaches, Pine Apples, Pears, Lemons, Apples, Water Melons, Cocoanuts, &c. &c.

Plantains, &c. &c.

## Summer Goods,

**WM. C. COZZENS & Co.**

No 174, Thames street, 170

WOULD particularly invite the attention of purchasers to their New Style of

**STRIPED**

Summer Goods

Opened on Wednesday;

Comprising a very general assortment of

**SILKS,**

Balzoines, Printed Jackonets & Muslins

Lawn, Gingham, African, Foulard Silks,

—ALSO—

Bonnet Silks & Lawn, Shawls, Scarfs,

Kid Gloves, Rich Fancy Ribbons,

Cravats,

together with an unusually large variety of Fashionable & Seasonable Articles at prices at least as low as any Store in this State. [May 27.]

**GINGHAMS, (for coats,) CAMBROONS, LACE SHAWLS, LAWN, SILKS,**

for sale at No. 132, by **J. M. COOK & CO.**

### H. SESSIONS

HAS just opened a great variety of arti-

cles

**FOR DRESSES,**

Mc Laines, Chusans, Parisiens, Prints and Cambrics.

—ALSO—

**SHAWLS,**

Bleached Cotton,

Ribbons, Fancy Hdk's &c. &c.

### Blue Black Alpaca.

TWO Pieces very beautiful Silk Warp Blue Black Alpaca, opened yesterday by **WM. C. COZZENS & CO** May 27.

### WANTED—At all times,

Rhode Island Corn, and other kinds of Grain in exchange for building materials. Apply at the Steam Planing & Grist Mill, in Bull st., or at our Lumber yard.

**PECKHAM, BULL & CO.**

July 1.—if

### Carpeting 3 YARDS Wide.

A new article of domestic Carpet or Boeking, 2 yds. wide very suitable for crumb cloths or chamber carpets; at only 62 1-2 cts per yard, for sale by **WM. C. COZZENS & CO.** June 24.

### Just Received,

Lace striped Cambrics, Circassians, (very low for bathing dresses, Oil Silk—Crash, Unbleached shirtings (very low,) at No. 132, by **J. M. COOK & CO.** June 15.]

### A SMALL quantity of Furniture and

Crockery, that has been in use six months, is offered for sale at a low rate for Cash at **MRS. BENJAMIN HAZARDS,** Newport, June 3.] Broad street.

### STRAWBERRIES, fresh picked—every

morning, can be had at the Confectionary of T. STACY, Jr. July 1.

### For Newport and Providence.

UNTIL further notice the Mail stage will leave Providence for Warren, Bristol and Newport, every morning (Sundays excepted,) at nine o'clock, A. M., and arrive in Newport at two o'clock P. M. A Mail stage will also leave Newport for Providence via Bristol and Warren, at 5 o'clock, A. M. and arrive in Providence at 2 o'clock P. M. in time to take the Stonington Cars for New York, the cars for Boston, and the Stages for Woonsocket and Coventry. This is the most direct and expeditious Stage route between Providence and Newport, and passengers taking this line may rest assured that every attention will be paid to render the ride as comfortable as possible. The coaches are in good order—good horses and careful and obliging drivers. There is now a new horseboat at Bristol Ferry which makes the crossing much more expeditious and pleasant than formerly.

Extra horses and coaches furnished in either place at short notice.

Books kept in Providence at the Manufactures and Franklin Hotels; at Coles in Warren, Jones in Bristol, and at Hazard's and Townsend's Newport.

**G. S. KINNICUTT,** Providence, **S. MASON, Jr.** Warren, **J. CHADWICK,** Bristol, **JOHN G. WEAVER,** Newport, Oct. 22. 1842.

### NEWPORT

**STEAM Planing, Sawing & Grist**

**MILL.**

THIS establishment is now in successful operation, in Bull Street, and prepared to execute all kinds of work usually done at similar concerns.

The Planing Machine is new; and possessing advantages over most of the machines in use at the present day, is prepared to furnish specimens of work, equal at least to those of any other establishment in the United States.

Circular, and Upright Saws, for splitting boards, plank and timber, and fitting various kinds of lumber for carpenters' use, are also attached.

The Grist Mill comprises two pair of French Burr Mill Stones, which are now in such high repute and general use throughout the country.

As it can hardly be expected in first starting an establishment of this kind, in this place, that the patronage will be sufficient to warrant the hope of steady employ, and that the public may depend upon having work done at stated times, without disappointment, we propose to start the mill every Tuesday morning, and keep it running three days in each week—say Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday—and occasionally other days of the week, as circumstances may require.

In thus establishing what we believe has been long needed in Newport, and which all must acknowledge to be a great benefit to the public, individually and at large, both by securing to our townsmen the employment which has heretofore been bestowed upon the mechanics of other places; and effecting within our own community what we have been dependent for upon every community in the neighborhood, we need but ask of our townsmen such encouragement as the merits of our concern may entitle us to expect.

**PECKHAM, BULL & CO.** June 24.

### Ice! Ice!! Ice!!!

From Crown Pond Lake.

ON hand and for sale by the subscriber, a quantity of Pure Ice.—Those in want can be supplied on reasonable terms for the season, by leaving their orders at the Confectionary and Variety Store, corner of Frank & Thames streets, or at the Cottage, near the Beach.

**T. STACY, JR.** Newport, July 1, 1843.

### SAMUEL W. BUTLER,

**M. D. and SURGEON,**

OFFICE, No. 62 THAMES STREET.

**MEDICINES**

of all kinds at 62 Thames street: Newport, Feb. 18, 1843.

### Bleached Cotton 8 yards Wide

A few pieces 3 yards wide Superior bleached Cotton for family Sheetings, for sale by **WM. C. COZZENS & CO.** Newport, July 22.

### Picture Frames & Pictures.

A fine assortment, just received and for Sale cheap at STACY'S Variety Store

### R. I. BRIDGE COMPANY.

AT the annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the **R. I. Bridge Company** held on Monday the 31st ult. the following gentlemen were elected directors for the year ensuing:—Audley Clarke, S. T. Northam, N. S. Ruggles, C. M. Thurston, Robert B. Cranston, Wm. Littlefield, W. A. Clarke, Peleg Clarke, Isaac Burdick.

At a subsequent meeting of the directors Audley Clarke, Esq. was re-elected President. **W. A. CLARKE,** Clerk & Treasurers. Newport, August 5.

### TO LET.

The house known as the Olympian House, opposite the Moravian Church; it has been thoroughly repaired inside and out—painted and papered throughout. Apply to **SAMUEL B. VERNON,** or **STEPHEN CAHOONE.** July 22.

### Remnants Crown Cotton.

25 yards for a dollar. **REMNANTS CALICO,** 17 yards for a dollar, just received by **WM. C. COZZENS & Co.** July 29.

### BOTTLED SODA.

Superior to any thing of the kind ever offered in this place before. Just received and for sale at the Confectionary of **T. STACY JR.** Newport Aug 5.

## EXERCISE.

If you would enjoy health, take exercise and be temperate, and if you attend to those things properly you will have but little use for either physicians or medicines. Temperance, exercise and rest are the sure guarantees of sound health and vigor, if you have naturally a good constitution; and almost the only sure means of amending and preserving a weak and deficient one. Persons who take proper exercise, and combine that exercise with temperance, are seldom sick; and those who fly to medicines on every trifling cause of complaint, in nine cases in ten, might relieve themselves by abstaining from food for a short time, living on light diet, and taking as much exercise as will cause perspiration; without impairing their strength by excessive fatigue.

Exercise for the purpose of producing perspiration, and throwing off the excrementitious or bad matter in the system, is much better than any medical means; no only because it is the means which nature herself prescribes, but because, unlike medical drugs generally, it strengthens instead of weakening the system.—We are always to suppose, from the fact of the horrible fever or stench which arises from the bodies of those on whom fevers have just been broken; that the retention of that bad matter in the system, contrary to nature, was the real cause of their febrile or feverish disorders; and does it not follow, that by getting clear of that matter by natural means, before it has time to accumulate and produce malignant and obstinate diseases, is much better than to force the vital organs into a destructive action for producing the same effect? In other words, do you force the stomach into laborious action, or indeed any other vital organ of the system that you always weaken and impair its energies and lay the foundation of many diseases to which the system under other circumstances would be a stranger?

This is no witchcraft about the diseases to which we are all liable; they are all matters of plain reasoning between the causes and effects, to the full understanding of every man. Are we not witnesses daily and hourly of the beneficial effects of exercise, in the cure of diseases in which both medicines and medical men have failed? Half the diseases of delicate women, and in fact nearly all the diseases connected with hysterics and hypochondria, arise for want of due exercise in the open, mild and pure air.—Instead of stewing in a close room and indulging in moody and gloomy anticipations; and instead of lying in huge feather beds until nine or ten o'clock in the morning, dozing through morbid dreams and vainly courting sleep, the woman of delicate nerves and infirm health; and the gloomy hypochondriac, who has probably not sweated for months together, ought to spring from the feathered couch at daylight, view the opening and brilliant landscapes of nature, just kindled into life and beauty under the beams of the rising sun; and breast the pure mountain breeze!

I have just told you, that exercise will not only preserve your health if you have a good constitution, but that it will frequently give healthy action and strength to a weak and deficient one. Cicero is described by Plutarch as being at one period of his life thin and weakly; so much so, indeed, from the debility of his stomach, as to be able to eat but once a day, and that a very small quantity. In this debilitated and weakly condition, he travelled to Athens for the recovery of his health, and so great were the effects of his exercise; that, together with the gymnastic exercise of this place, he became firm and robust, and his voice, which had been before squeaking and harsh, was changed for melodious, deep, and sonorous tones. The same writer, Plutarch, describes the great Roman warrior, Julius Cæsar, as being originally of very delicate health, pale and soft skin, and of very feeble constitution by nature, and subject to fits; but that by a military life, using coarse diet and great exercise, he not only became inured to the hardships and exposures of war, but healthy, active and vigorous and strong.

It is not worth while to give more instances of the powerful influence which exercise has on the human system; if you wish to know more about it, look at the brawny arms and strong chests of sailors, who are always pulling ropes, and contending with the winds and storms of the ocean; look at the strong figure of the sturdy woodman, who makes the forests bow to the sound of the axe; and indeed all those persons who are engaged in active and laborious callings; and then, by comparing these people with those who are always confined to their houses, to books, and sitting postures, and trades which prevent them from moving about, you will be able very easily to see effects of exercise much better than I can describe and tell you of them. I feel confident in saying, that by exercise on horseback for women, and exercise on foot for

men, together with some attention to food and drink, this dreadful disease, dyspepsia, or indigestion, which paralyzes both body and mind, and makes existence itself a burden, together with the whole train of nervous diseases to which we are subject, may be cured completely without the aid of medicine, by laying down and following systematic rules of exercise, rest, and diet.

**UNIVERSAL FAME.**

BY J. K. PAULDING.

It is amazing to observe how little mankind know of each other, although the vanity of human nature whispers every distinguished person; that his fame is, or will be one day be universal. The myriads of Asia and Africa, with a few solitary exceptions, never heard of the illustrious heroes, statesmen; poets; and philosophers of Europe; and a vast portion of the inhabitants of the latter, are ignorant of the very names of the great men of the east. But instead of an essay, we will give our readers a story to illustrate our meaning.

It happened once on a time, that an Israelite, an Egyptian, a Greek, a Turk; a Persian, a Chinese, a Frenchman, an Englishman, a German, an Italian, and an American, met by chance at a caravan, somewhere in the east, and being all great travellers, speaking many languages, entered into conversation with each other. As usual, they all differed in their opinion of human happiness; the comparative value of the various enjoyments of life—and, above all, in their own individual importance, in the scale of nations. Each one held up his own country as the acme of perfection; and the utmost he would allow the others was a degree of merit exactly corresponding with their approach towards the infallible standard of his own self importance.

"The Israelites," said the Jew, "were chosen people; therefore they must be the most true and virtuous of mankind."

"The Greeks," exclaimed the Athenian, "were the brightest race that ever adorned the world: Look at their laws, their literature and their arts."

"Pooh!" cried the Egyptian, "you had nothing but what you stole from us. You were ignorant barbarians, and so would you have remained, if your wise men, as you call them, had not come to Egypt to learn their A B C."

"By your leave," said the Persian, "the natives of Irak being the most ancient people of the earth, must have been the parents of all human knowledge."

"Hi Yah!" quoth the Chinese, "every body knows my nation is the most ancient by at least forty thousand years; and that the foreign barbarians derived all their knowledge from them."

"Mashallah!" said the Turk, taking a pipe from his mouth—"Mashallah there is no religion but that of Mahomet, and no knowledge but that of the Koran. The Israelites are *ichonfouth*, the Christians are dogs, and there is no truth but among the followers of the Prophet."

"Peste!" cried the Frenchman—"there is no body knows the true art of living but the French."

"There is no nation whose music is not intolerable, but the Italian," said the Neapolitan.

"The Germans are all philosophers," quoth the native of Weimar.

"Yes, but England, old England," cried John Bull, "is the county for roast beef and freedom; nobody can deny that."

"I do," exclaimed the Yankee. "The Americans are the only free people in the world."

"Mashallah! whence did you come?" asked the Turk.

"From the New World."

"I never heard of it before" said the Turk.

"Nor I," said the Persian.

"Nor I," said the Egyptian.

"Nor I," said the Chinese. "don't believe there is any such place."

"Nor I," said the Turk. "There is but one world one God; and Mahomet is his prophet."

"What a parcel of ignoramus!" exclaimed the Yankee.

As it is impossible to settle the claims of nations by these loose generalities, the company proceeded to particulars; each bringing forward the greatest men and great achievements of his countrymen; in battle array, to support his pretensions to superiority.

"Was there ever so wise a man as Solomon," so great a poet as David, so brave a warrior as Joshua, who made the sun stand still; or such a prodigy of learning as Rabbi Ben Hammekeend, who wrote beyond the comprehension of all his readers?" asked the Israelite.

"Did the world ever produce such a hero as Napoleon, such a poet as Voltaire, such tragic writers as Corneille and Racine, such a comic-one as Moliere, or such a dancer as Vestris?" cried the Frenchman.

"Bah!" exclaimed the Englishman—



"What do you think of Wellington, Nelson, Shakespeare, Bacon, Locke, Newton, and all that sort of thing?"

"They can't hold a candle to Armenius, or Kant, or Gail, or Schiller, or Goethe!" said the German.

"Nor to Julius Caesar, nor Scipio, nor Virgil, nor Cicero, nor a thousand others, who were all my countrymen, though they called themselves Romans," cried the Italian.

"Pshaw!" said the Yankee,—"all your heroes and philosophers put together could not make one Franklin, or half a Washington!"

"Gentlemen," said the Greek, "you may boast as much as you will, but had it not been for Greek warriors, philosophers, poets and sages, you would all have remained barbarians to this day.—What think you of Homer, and Eschylus, and Sophocles, and Euripides, and Demosthenes, and Miltiades, and Themistocles, and ten thousand others, whose fame extends to the uttermost end of the earth?"

"Who are these blockheads talking about?" asked the Egyptian, the Chinese, the Persian, and the Turk, of each other.

"Talking of?" cried the rest, with one voice—"of the lights of the world, the children of immortality, THE HEIRS OF UNIVERSAL FAME!"

"We never heard their names before, and therefore they must have been rather obscure persons," was the reply.

"But if you come to the Heirs of Universal Fame," cried the Persian—"What are all these to the great hero Rustand, and the great poet Fordousi, who wrote a poetical History of Irak, in twenty thousand couplets?"

"Did any body ever read it?" asked the Turk gravely.

"We never heard of either," answered all the rest.

"What ignorant wretches!" muttered the Persian.

"Hi Yah!" exclaimed the Chinese.—"Hi Yah! Your elder brother I-oo Choo, knocks head and worships.—What do you think of the Moon of poetry, the light of the universe, Kwang Chung, lord of the Celestial Empire, and head of the world, who wrote three hundred volumes of poetry, in the interpretation of which three thousand learned pundits lost their senses? The whole universe is filled with his verses."

"We never heard of him before," cried they all.

"What a set of foreign barbarians!" said the Chinese.

"And what think you of our great prophet Mahomet?" asked the Turk.—"Mashallah! his sword was invincible against the enemies of the faith, and his wisdom more invincible than his sword.—All knowledge is contained in the Koran."

"It may be, but we have never read it," said they all with the exception of the true believer.

"Dogs!" cried he, "may your heads be converted into shoe brushes, and your eyes become blind as your understandings!"

As is usual in these cases, contention succeeded argument, and abuse was answered by recrimination. Each being unable to establish his own claim to superiority, made himself amends by detracting from the claims of his opponents; and if all had been true which they said of each other, their heroes and great men would have been a parcel of miserable creatures, unworthy the gratitude, or even the remembrance of posterity.

"And this is Universal Fame!" exclaimed an old dervise, who sat smoking his pipe quietly in a corner, without taking part in the debate,—"to be adored as a prophet in one quarter of the world, and abhorred as an impostor in the others;—to be a hero in one nation, an oppressor in the eyes of its neighbors,—to be held an oracle of wisdom on one side of a river, an apostle of error on the other,—to be venerated in one place as the champion of liberty, and stigmatised in another as a rebel and traitor,—and to be either unknown to, or hated and despised by more than one-half of mankind.—This, this is UNIVERSAL FAME."

## By the Mills.

**Mad Dogs—a preventive.**—An infallible preventive of spontaneous hydrophobia in dogs will be found in flour of sulphur, a small particle of which should be mixed with their food or drink. It has been known in Europe for centuries, and is always used to prevent the dreadful disease from breaking out among the packs of hounds upon the estates of the English noblemen.

**Cost of Vagrancy and Crime.**—The cost of maintaining prisoners in the va grant and untied departments of the prison, at Philadelphia, for the last eighteen months, has been \$22,458 41. The salaries of the keepers for the same period were \$15,579 91. The latter item is exclusive of the salary of the clerk and several other officers.

**Asparagus still in season.**—A subscriber informs us that by paring, quartering, and boiling cucumbers, a dish may be obtained in every respect similar to asparagus. In other words, dress the cucumbers in the same way that you do asparagus, and you will have a dish in no way inferior to this luxurious article. It is worth a trial.—Sun.

**Suicide.**—A girl named Harriet Adams poisoned herself in Augusta, Me., on the 28th ult., by taking arsenic.

**How to clean kid gloves.**—Take a piece of flannel, moisten it with a little milk, rub it on a cake of nice, hard soap, and then apply it to the soiled part of the glove. As soon as you have removed the dirt, rub the kid with a dry piece of flannel. Care must be taken not to make the glove too wet. In these hard times, people must scour up, and make every thing go as far as they can.

Spirituous liquors have been banished from the U. S. ship *Levant*, except in the surgeon's department. The officers have stopped their wine, and the crew have stopped their grog.

Upwards of 90 sailing vessels and steamers arrived at Buffalo on Monday and Tuesday last, freighted with the various products of the teeming West. Among the articles which made up their cargoes were 12,000 bushels of wheat, and 30,000 bbls of flour.

**SPEED OF STEAMBOATS.**—Within about forty years only, the speed of steamboats on the Hudson has increased from five to eighteen miles an hour.

**Strange Encounter.**—We learn from a gentleman of this city that, a few days ago, a cat which had often caught birds, mice, &c., was seen emerging from under a house, with a snake about a foot in length in her mouth, with which she sported for some time, tossing it with her mouth, laying it down, putting her paw upon it, &c. &c.; at length, wearied with her play, she put the head of his snakeship in her mouth, and had scarce closed her jaws upon it, when she made a sudden spring in the air, alighted on the ground, and rolled and tossed apparently in great agony for several minutes, the saliva running from her mouth accompanied by every symptom of madness, when both snake and cat were killed by those who had witnessed the exciting conflict. The snake appeared to be a viper, and had probably retained sufficient life during the rough usage it received to give its antagonist a deadly wound in the mouth.—*Pittsburgh Spirit of the Age.*

**CAUTION TO SPORTSMEN.**—About 9 o'clock on Wednesday evening, as the train of cars from Portland, on the upper route, were a short distance this side of Haverhill, a bullet passed through one of them, breaking a small hole in the glass on each side. No report of a gun was heard, but those present say that it could have been nothing else. Mr. White, a gentleman from Calais, Me., had left his seat, directly against the perforating glass, and had gone to the door of the car but a moment before. The bullet passed about six inches back of the head of a passenger on the opposite side of the car.

There is little doubt that this was the accidental and careless shot of some sportsman.—*Boston Courier.*

**Tools.**—Friend! just open that door yonder, in your shed, and run in that plough. It will run all the smoother for it in turning over your sward land this fall. The mould-board has already accumulated a "very sufficient" quantity of rust, and must be carefully cleansed and greased. Having done this perhaps you will be able to find some place for the harrow also. They are twin implements in Agriculture and may well be stored away in winter, "side by side."

**INTERESTING TO WHALEMEN.**—At a recent session of the French Academy of Sciences a communication was received from M. Ackermann, a surgeon in the navy, on the means of killing whales without the danger to human life with which the whale fishery is at present attended. The mode now practised is for a practised hand to throw at the whale a harpoon, to which is attached the end of a very long line. The animal, as soon as it is wounded, rushes forward with an almost indescribable velocity, dragging the line, and sometimes the boat itself, under water; and instances have been known of its dashing the boat to pieces with a few strokes of the tail. When the fish has been struck by the harpooner, the crews of the other boats of the whaler watch for its reappearance to the surface of the water, and attack it with spears, until, with or without occasioning injury to the persecutors, it dies from exhaustion. M. Ackermann, knowing that if the death of the whale could be made to follow almost immediately after the first wound, there would be no danger to the persons engaged in capturing it, and influenced, we may hope, by humane considerations for the fish itself, which in the mode of hunting it to the death usually adopted must necessarily suffer great agony, conceived the idea of introducing into the harpoon, by means of a hollow tube, a quantity of hydrocyanic (prussic) acid, which, being set free by the blow of the harpoon, would flow into the wound. It appears from the communication made by M. Ackermann that a very successful trial of his plan has been made in the bay of Valparaiso. The whale did not, indeed die immediately as was expected, but lived an hour. From the first, however, it was so weakened by the action of the poison that the pursuit was attended with no danger.

The editor of a newspaper at Columbus, Ohio, apologises for the non-appearance of his paper at the regular time of publication, by saying that he was "engaged in cow hiding a fellow who had slandered him, and did not get through early enough to get out his paper!"

**FALL RIVER.**—The Monitor of Saturday says:—"Not quite six weeks have elapsed since about 200 buildings covering 20 acres of ground in this place were destroyed by fire, with a large part of their contents. Already there are about 100 buildings of different sizes in progress—some nearly finished and others in various stages of progress."

This furnishes a fine market for lumber of every kind and employment for multitudes of industrious mechanics and laborers.

The buildings now furnish a great relief to the eye as it wanders over the ruins of the burnt district. And the energy and activity of our citizens in so soon erecting new buildings to cover the places where others once stood, furnishes good grounds for a hope that not a great while hence the whole of the burnt district will be built over and in a greatly improved state.

Then, we hope also, that the miseries and sufferings of the past may all be forgotten in the prosperity and happiness with which they may be surrounded.

**The Glories of War.**—Colonel Morgan, the Texan Commissioner, in a letter to the editor of the *New Orleans Tropic*, says that of 11,000 Mexican troops sent to Campeachy to subdue the Yucatanese, it has been clearly ascertained that only 4,000 returned! There were 2,300 in the expedition against Merida—800 of that expedition are all that can be found to go back! Black vomit and other sickness thinned their ranks daily; and desertion, together with what were killed in the different engagements, must account for the balance.

**Another Demand under the Treaty.**—A man charged with having committed a theft in Canada, was arrested in New York on Friday, at the instance of the British Consul, who demanded his surrender under the treaty. Mr. Rapelje, the U. S. Commissioner, decided that, as the theft was not one of the crimes enumerated, he had no jurisdiction in the case, and the man was discharged.

**Consecration of Bishop Henshaw of Rhode Island.**—The solemn and imposing rite of consecration of a Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church, was performed in St. John's Church, Providence, on Friday last. The Church was filled at an early hour. A large number of the clergy were in attendance. Six Bishops were present and assisted in the exercises—Right Reverend Bishops Brownell of Connecticut; Onderdonk, of New York; Hopkins, of Vermont; Doane, of New Jersey; Johns, of Virginia; and Whittingham, of Maryland. Morning service was read by Rev. Dr. Crocker, after which was sung the 106th Psalm. The sermon was then preached by Rt. Rev. Bishop Whittingham, of Maryland. The collects and commandments were read by the presiding Bishop. The epistle was read by Rt. Rev. Bishop Johns. The gospel by Bishop Hopkins. Bishop Whittingham's sermon, a correspondent of the *Journal* says, was a very able and eloquent discourse, delivered with great earnestness and power. His text was from the 5th verse of the 17th chapter of the Gospel of St. Luke—"And the Apostles said unto the Lord, increase our faith." Right Rev. Bishop Brownell performed the consecration service—the litany being read by the Right Rev. Bishop Doane. The services were concluded by the administration of the Holy Sacrament, which was received by the bishops and clergy, and a very large number of the laity.

The clergy of the Episcopal Church in Rhode Island were all present, together with clergymen of Massachusetts, Connecticut, Maine, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Maryland. Among others, Rev. Prof. Ogilby, of the New York Seminary, and Rev. Drs. Milner and Coleman.

**A Curious Circumstance.**—The St. Clair County Banner says, that a "Mr John M. Geel, of Port Huron, in that county, commenced near his house boring for water, and after having sunk a shaft to the depth of 115 feet, he suddenly heard a hissing noise, which he supposed to be water rising where he had bored. He immediately commenced taking up his shaft, which as soon as he had done, was followed by a noise as loud and resembling that made by the largest steamboat letting off steam, and a rush of gas, throwing stones, sand, &c. to the height of 100 feet, and with such force as to throw stones weighing from 5 to 10 pounds, when placed in the orifice, to the height of several feet. A large tube has been inserted over the hole, and up to the present time it has continued, although not as strong as at first, to emit a strong current of gas, of an inflammable nature, supposed to be hydrogen. We yesterday visited the spot, and saw the gas lighted. It burnt freely, producing a bright flame and slightly impregnated with a sulphuric smell, but when burning or otherwise, not the least offensive."

During a thunder storm in Weston, Me., on the 16th ult., the lightning struck the house of Joseph B. Foss and shivered the bedstead on which Mr. and Mrs. F. were lying, but without injuring either. A barn was struck, and a swine killed about a mile from Mr. Foss's house.

Gen. WILLIAM MADISON, the youngest brother of the late President Madison, died at his residence, Woodbury Forest, Madison Co., Virginia, on the 19th ult., in his 82d year. He was a soldier of both wars; was at Yorktown, and for many years a member of the Virginia Legislature.

## Farther from the Oregon Company.

We copy the following interesting letter from the last number of the *Burlington (Iowa) Gazette*:

*Oregon Emigrating Co. June 10, 1843.*

The return of a company of mountain traders to the settlements presents an opportunity for writing which I feel much inclined to embrace. We are now between two and three hundred miles West of Independence, on the Blue rivers, tributaries of the Kansas, in good health and spirits. I regret to say that a division has taken place in the company in consequence of the number of cattle driven by some—those having no cattle refusing to stand guard at night over stock belonging to others. The result of all this was, that Captain Burnett resigned the command of the company; and the committee, in accordance with our regulations, ordered a new election, and so altered the by-laws that the commander should be called colonel, and also authorized the election of four captains and four orderly sergeants.

The cattle party selected myself as their candidate; those opposed selected Mr. William Martin, an experienced mountaineer. There being a majority in opposition to the cattle party, Mr. Martin was elected, and a division of the company ensued. About fifty wagons, with those who had large droves of loose cattle, now left, with a general request that all in favor of travelling with them should fall back. I was particularly solicited to leave Martin's company; but as it would travel much the fastest, and Colonel Martin was a very clever fellow, I declined. The new company, it is expected, will be commanded by Captain Applegate.

Our roads, since leaving the settlement, have been very fine, except within the last three days, during which they have been almost impassable, in consequence of tremendous rains; but they are again improving. We have had no trouble with the Indians with the exception of horse and cattle stealing; and this business they have carried on pretty lively. I had a very fine mule and an ox stolen from me on the Kansas river; and we lost in all, eight or ten head of horses and mules.

I believe there is not a case of sickness in the camp, though old Mr. Stout, from Iowa, has a violent swelling in his eyes. Tell the boys from Iowa to come on, with all the cattle and sheep they can get, and a company sufficiently large to drive them.

Truly, yours, &c. M. M. M.

P. S. My friend, Mr. Henry Lee, from Iowa, has just been elected captain of one of the divisions. While writing, news has been brought in of the discovery of a dead Indian about a mile from this place, freshly scalped; and nearly all the company have gone to see him. He was shot with arrows, and is supposed to be a Pawnee, killed by a war party of the Kansas Indians, which we met the other day, consisting of 200, with fresh scalps and fingers, which they said they had taken the day before.

**FROM CAMPEACHY.**—*Wholesale Fobbery.*—The schooner *Freeland* arrived here yesterday from Campeachy. She brings no later news. In the *Freeland* a gentleman named Steiver came passenger, who had sustained a loss of \$20,000, under the following extraordinary circumstances. It appears that Mr. Steiver was about to start from Campeachy in the schooner *Luda*, of which he was part owner, commanded by a man named Hurd, whose brother was chief mate. He had placed on board the above named sum, and was about starting for this place, but previous to his departure and whilst the vessel was laying at anchor off Campeachy, Mr. S. had occasion to go on shore, and the captain's brother accompanied him in a small boat. While they were absent, Captain Hurd weighed anchor, and made all sail out of the harbor, and has not since been heard of. It is thought he made for Texas, as he has a wife and family living there.

It appears that this same Captain Hurd performed a similar trick some time ago. He stole a schooner from New York and sold her in Texas.

The mate of the *Luda*, who also came passenger in the *Freeland*, was immediately arrested on her arrival here, at the instance of Mr. Steiver.

N. O. Republican.

**Extraordinary Death.**—Last week, a child about sixteen months old, son of Mr. Leggett, plasterer, of this place, was drowned in a tub of water, standing near the back door. The mother was in the house at the time, and had not missed the child out of her sight more than ten or fifteen minutes; when, on searching for it, she saw its little form floating on the surface, and its head under water. On removing the body, it was found to be quite dead. The child had probably been reaching over the water for something floating on the surface, and lost its balance—unconscious, while grasping at the gaudy bubble, of the treacherous element upon which it floated.

*Springfield (Ill.) Register, Aug. 4.*

A letter from Fauquier White Sulphur Springs, in the *Baltimore Patriot*, says: "We have now a large and fashionable company, and daily increasing. On the 24th inst., a Tournament and Fancy Ball is to 'come off,' for which great preparations are making."

The Governor of N. Hampshire has set apart the 13th day of Nov. next, to be observed as a day of Thanksgiving and Praise throughout the Commonwealth.

## A FRIGHTFUL SCENE.—The Steamer

*Georgia*, Captain Coffee, left Spear's wharf last evening on a moonlight excursion down the Bay, projected by the Independent Blues, a military company of this city. The number of persons on board was probably not much less than six or eight hundred, about one half of whom were ladies. Most of the passengers had congregated on the upper deck. Soon after the boat left the wharf, the excessive weight above caused her to rock and over balance. At this many became alarmed, and thinking to right her again they changed positions in a body to the other side.

This made the matter worse, and the lurching became awfully frightful, so that the boat seemed on the eve of capsizing. Terrified and heart-rending screams ascended from the vast multitude, especially the female portion, several of whom fainted and fell senseless upon the deck, whilst others were crying to be set on shore, and many seemed to anticipate immediate and certain destruction. One man in the fright, we learn, jumped overboard and swam to the shore. Others were in the act of following as the boat reached the wharf and was brought to rights, when a large number of those who had taken passage got off and returned home. Many, however, remained on board and proceeded down the Bay about thirty miles, having a delightful time, and no further cause for fear. They returned, all safe and in good spirits, about half past 12 o'clock this morning.—*Balt. Pat.*

**Intended Duel.**—Some of the police, having received information last evening that a duel was to come off this morning somewhere in the neighborhood of the Point House, set themselves to work to find out the parties, and nip the affair in its blossom. They succeeded during the night in arresting one of the seconds, who was taken before Alderman Mitchell detained until after the hour fixed for the meeting, and then held to bail to keep the peace, and forbear taking part in any affair of honor for six months to come.

The parties were a young midshipman, named Ennis, and a student of medicine, named Dickens; neither of whom has yet been arrested. It is rumored that one of the parties had gone down to the place of meeting during the night.

*Philadelphia Gazette.*

A correspondent of the N. Y. American, writing from Lewiston, after describing the recent visit of John Quincy Adams to Niagara Falls, proceeds as follows:

I doubt whether there is any fact in history or geography connected with the Falls or chain of great lakes which has been developed from the time of *La Salle's* voyage of exploration to the present day, with which he is not particularly and exactly acquainted. It is sad to think that a mind so gifted, so stored with knowledge attained by unemitted study during a great portion of a century—an intellect so active, lofty and sagacious—statesmanship so wise and courageous, must, in the order of nature, so soon cease to be. I sincerely concur with the worthy captain of one of our steamboats, who said to me the other day, "Oh that we could take the engine out of the old 'Adams' and put it in a new hull!"

**A German Count—Captain of a Western Steamer.**—A correspondent of the *Louisville Journal* gives the following description of an individual whom he met on an excursion on the Western rivers:

We are now out of Fever river, and again breasting the mighty Mississippi. Walk into the cabin and I'll introduce you to the captain, alias the Count Hazarthy—a live, full blooded Hungarian Count—no mistake. He was one of the life guards of the Emperor of Austria, an intimate of the young Duke of Reichstadt, Princes Esterhazy and Metternich, whom he serves most faithfully; and in consequence of his participation in the Polish Revolution, was expropriated, and instead of being a captain of horses amongst princes and peers, is now alas! a captain of the veriest epitome of steamboats, among pilots and pedlars.

*Tempora mutantur et nos mutamur com illis.*

He is a man of extensive information, has a fund of anecdote, and his history is replete with romance. Picture to yourself a man of about thirty five, with a bold hazel eye, bronzed complexion, regular features, raven hair, and the handsomest teeth you ever saw, surmounted with a magnificent moustache, habited in a green cloth opera cap, with a Hungarian jacket, dotted with frogs, lace work and tassels, thrown loosely like a mantle over his shoulders, his feet decked off with a pair of Red river moccasins, sparkling with beads and flowers, and a meerschaum in his mouth, some six feet long, with a curious antique bowl, emitting a cloud of kinne kinik, [the bark of the red willow, which the Indians dry and smoke;] and that is the Count.

**Management of Cut Flowers.**—To preserve cut flowers, such as the dahlia and succulent kinds, in a fresh manner, and to keep them from wilting and fading in summer, when cut from the plant, they should be immediately immersed in clean water, by which the pores will be filled with water, exhaustion prevented, and the flowers will remain in a fresh state. To continue them fresh, the water should be occasionally changed, cut off half an inch or an inch of the stem, according to its length. This will again open the pores and a renewed freshness will arise. *American Flower Garden.*

**MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—On Satur-** day last, Miss Charlotte Pruden, about 14 years of age, daughter of the late Deacon Joseph Pruden, of Orange, after kindling a fire to prepare some food for dinner being overcome with fatigue, sat down near it, and unconsciously fell asleep, from which she was awakened by her clothes taking fire, which were so fully in flames before the discovery as to cause her death. She had been up during the night previous and engaged in the morning with a sick sister, and the mother was absent on a message to the city, (New-Haven). The two sisters were consequently alone, and the neighbors not being near enough to hear the alarm, no assistance was at hand until two gentlemen and a lady traveling on the road heard their cries and went to their relief. It was too late, however, to be effectual, and the sufferer lingered till Sunday evening, when she expired. It was an afflictive and distressing scene, the sick sister suffering almost an equal agony with the other from her inability to afford the necessary aid, have fainted and fallen in the street in her endeavors to call for help. This has been a very afflictive family, Deacon Pruden having died about three years since, a daughter aged 14 about three weeks after, an aged grandmother the last summer, a surviving daughter long afflicted with severe disease, and this last calamity, leaving a widowed mother to mourn these distressing dispensations of Providence. *[New Haven Herald.]*

**A HARD CUSTOMER.—The Wetumpka** Argus contains an offer of one thousand acres of land, made by Obadiah Langston of Bibb County, Ala. for the arrest of a man named Mark W. Doss, and his delivery into the custody of any keeper of a jail in Texas. Said Doss is represented as having deserted his wife, stolen "a wagon and team" in Alabama, gone over to Texas, where he turned to preaching as a Baptist minister, making a great outward show of sanctity. He ingratiated himself into the good favor of a widow lady, and then stole her gold watch and decamped. He then reappeared in another part of Texas, represented his wife in Alabama to be dead, turned to preaching the Gospel again, married a yellow woman, quarrelled with the brother of his first wife, and waylaid and shot him. For this he was thrown into jail, but broke out twice, and the last time made good his escape. He is now supposed to be in Tennessee or Mississippi, either secreted or preaching glad tidings as before. The fellow sings well, and when a resident of Bibb County, Ala. used to teach in singing schools. Editors are requested to pass him round, that, if in the United States, he may be rooted out and returned to Texas. *New Orleans Pic.*

**Stabbing Affray.**—On Saturday night three young men of this city—Edward Whitney, H. D. Booth and Peter McNabb—went into Wolverton's tavern in Washington street, and after drinking at the bar asked for beds. The hostler—McKnown—who was left in charge of the bar-room, told them that as they were transient customers they must pay in advance for their beds; this they refused to do, and on McKnown ordering them out, a scuffle ensued between him and Whitney, in the midst of which Booth struck McKnown in the side with a knife. McKnown is in a very critical situation, and his physicians are not satisfied that he is yet out of danger.—*Albany Argus.*

**A Converted Seminole.**—Husti colchee, a converted Seminole Indian, is preaching at Reading, Pa. to large audiences, in the German Reformed Church. The *Gazette* states that he is a nephew of Osceola, the celebrated Florida warrior, whom he is said to resemble very strikingly; is about nineteen years of age, tall, stout, and altogether of a fine appearance. He speaks English well, uses simple language, and is graceful in his gestures. It is his intention to return to his tribe as a Missionary of the Gospel.

We learn from the *Hamburg (S. C.) Journal*, that a duel took place near that town a few days since, between J. Gardner, Jr. Esq. Attorney General of Georgia, and Mr. Jones, editor of the *Augusta Chronicle and Sentinel*. After an ineffectual exchange of shots, the difficulty (the nature of which is not mentioned) was amicably arranged, and the parties left the ground.

**LOVE AND SUICIDE.**—Miss Jane Herling, a young lady of Franklin, Ia., hung herself on the 16th ult. Her parents were wealthy, and very respectable, and she apparently happy, till her father opposed her union with a young man on whom she had placed her affections without parental consent or advice.

**Brown University, R. I.**—Many of the graduates of this institution have determined to organize an Alumni Association, on the day preceding the next Commencement Anniversary. The committee who give this notice, invite the aid and co-operation of all who have received diplomas whether regular or honorary at Brown University.

**Gold in North Carolina.**—A man picked up a rock in Jameville, Mecklenburg Co. from which he extracted over \$60 worth of gold, and a rich vein has since been discovered near by. The deposits of gold at the N. C. Branch Mint in July were \$40,000—nearly double the amount in any month of last year.



**State Elections.**  
NORTH CAROLINA.—The election in this State for nine members of Congress has resulted as follows: Whigs—James Graham, D. M. Barringer, E. Deberry, Kenneth Rayner, 4. Democrats—David S. Read, R. M. Saunders, James McKay, J. R. Daniels, A. H. Arrington, 5.  
TENNESSEE.—Gov. Jones, the Whig candidate is doubtless re-elected by an increased majority. The exact strength of parties in the legislature is not yet ascertained, but it is believed that a Whig majority is obtained of one in the Senate and two or three in the House, which secures the election of two Whig Senators in Congress and also secures a Whig majority in the U. S. Senate.  
CONGRESSMEN—5 Whigs and 5 Democrats; one district, the 10th not ascertained.  
KENTUCKY.—The election in this State for ten members of Congress, appears to have resulted as follows: Whigs, Willis Stone, John White, Wm. P. Thomason, Garret Davis, 4. Democrats—Linn Boyd, G. A. Caldwell, J. Stone, R. French, J. W. Tibbatts, 5.—One district to be heard from, in which the contest is close between Grider, Whig and Irwin, Tylerite.  
INDIANA.—In 46 counties heard from Whitcomb, the Democratic candidate for Governor, has a majority of 2120, over Governor Bigger, who was a candidate for re-election. The last election was in 1841 when Gov. Bigger was chosen by a majority of 8631 votes. He has probably lost his election by a considerable majority.  
Members of Congress Elected.—Democrats—Robert Dale Owen, Thomas J. Henley, Thomas Smith, Wm. J. Brown, J. W. Davis, John Pettit. Whigs—Caleb B. Smith, W. M'Gaughey, S. C. Sample. One district to be heard from.  
Legislature.—The Legislature will doubtless be Democratic, although in some counties party politics appear to have yielded to trial questions.  
ALABAMA.—The election took place on the 7th inst. for Governor, seven members of Congress, and members of the Legislature. The result appears to have been the re-election of Gov. Fitzpatrick by a large majority and a Democratic majority in both branches of the Legislature.  
Congress.—Felix G. McConnell, James E. Belser, Dixon H. Lewis, G. S. Houston, R. Chapman, Democrats and James Dillet, Whig, are elected. One district to be heard from.  
ILLINOIS.—The election took place on the 7th inst. Seven members were to be chosen. In the fourth Congressional District, John Wentworth of Chicago, the Democratic candidate is elected by a large majority. There are only a few scattering returns from the other districts.  
**Congressional Nomination.**  
John H. Weeden Esq. of North Providence, has been nominated by the Convention of "Democrats and Friends of Equal Rights" for Congress from the Eastern District of this State.  
**THE FRENCH ATLANTIC STEAMERS.** which the New York papers have been bragging about for the last year, and which were to eclipse and destroy the Cunard line to Boston, are in no sort of progress. The French Chambers have not yet made any law authorizing the Government to establish any line, except one to South America.  
**ACCIDENT.**—A man by the name of Seamans, of New York, was thrown from the freight train of cars on the Boston and Providence Railroad, on Tuesday morning, and the wheels of the cars passed over him, killing him instantly. He was in company with his son and several other gentlemen, with their boat, on the way to Chelsea, to attend the regatta.  
**Going after Money.**—The U. S. ship Vincennes was to sail from Pensacola on the 10th inst., for Vera Cruz, to bring to the United States the Mexican indemnity, which is to be ready at that city on the 25th inst.  
**Somebody in Baltimore** has invented a machine for folding newspapers. If the same genius would invent a machine to get pay for them, we would patronize him but we can get along without the other.  
*Wheeling Times.*

The trial of Wm Wyman, President and Thomas Brown Jr. Cashier of the Phenix Bank of Charlestown (Mass.) on an indictment for embezzling the funds of the Bank, terminated on Thursday evening in the acquittal of Brown and non-agreement as to Wyman. It is understood the jury stood 7 for conviction and 5 for acquittal.  
CHARLESTOWN, R. I. Aug. 14, 1843.  
**Meeting of the Narragansett Tribe of Indians.**—Our Narragansett Indians yesterday held one of their religious meetings in that town, which, as usual at this time of year, was very fully attended. Many Indians from Long Island were there, and great numbers of the white people were present. One of the preachers was from Long Island, and another from Newport.  
This morning (Monday) the committee of the General Assembly met the tribe at the same place for the purpose of having an interview with them. Mr Potter, the commissioner of the tribe, opened the budget and stated the object of the committee. The General Assembly had been informed that a number of the tribe wished to have liberty to sell their lands and emigrate. The committee wished to ascertain how many of the tribe were desirous of going, the extent of their means, and the prospect there was of their bettering their condition by it. Mr Updike followed, an expatiated on the advantages which they would obtain by removing. Their land here was poor and exhausted; the land at Green Bay, where their brethren were, was of the most exuberant fertility. He told them that the committee had no doubt but that the General Assembly would be willing to aid such as wished to emigrate, but that they did not wish to urge any to go unless they were convinced it was for their interest; and if they chose to remain, the General Assembly would still continue to protect them as heretofore. Elder Moses Stanton, who had lately returned from Green Bay, then gave an account of the situation of their brethren there. Mr Dixon made a short address, assuring the tribe of the continued protection of the Assembly if they chose to remain, and their desire to aid those who wished to emigrate, telling them that it was for them alone to decide according as they thought it for their best interest.  
Tobias S. Ross and Deacon Sekatur then made some remarks in opposition to emigrating. Mr Sekatur told them that if they were only industrious and temperate, they could get along here as well as the whites.  
Mr Potter remarked that this was the first of their meetings he had ever attended. He was glad that the tribe were beginning to be convinced that in order for them to stand any chance in competition with the whites, it was necessary that they should be industrious, steady, and strictly temperate; and that without these qualities, the protection of the Legislature would be of little avail to them. He told them he had no doubt the Assembly would readily pass any laws that were necessary to secure the solemnity of their meetings for worship, and to prevent their being interrupted by intemperate and disorderly people.  
Several of the tribe expressed a desire to have such an act passed, stating that they had suffered much in times past from such interruptions. Here the meeting ended, the committee wished them to have time to consider the subject, and proposing to have another meeting soon. The meeting was a very interesting one.  
*Providence Journal.*  
**CARELESSNESS.**—As a respectable lady was passing through Duane street on Sunday, she stepped on the iron grating of a cellar vault, which tilted, and she fell in—severely injuring one of her limbs. She attempted to walk afterward, but fainted, and was carried into a neighboring house. A physician was sent for—when it was discovered that a principal artery of one of her legs had burst. The hemorrhage was stopped, and the lady was conveyed to her residence. She had a little girl by the hand at the time of falling. The accident was caused by the carelessness of the persons owning the house, who left the grating over the aperture without its being fastened, causing it to tilt when trodden upon.  
*New York Commercial Advertiser.*  
**DISCOVERY OF A CAVE.**—The Visitor, a paper published at Mercersburg, Franklin county, Pa., says that a scientific gentleman of that place, whilst rambling along the mountain side, in the vicinity of the Gap, accidentally discovered one of the most stupendous caves in that part of the country. The entrance to this remarkable cavern which was revealed by the accidental sliding of a huge sand stone, is at present very small, requiring a stooping position of the body on entering, for the distance of twenty or thirty feet, when it suddenly expands, and presents the appearance of an immense rotunda, upwards of one hundred paces across. The sides are beautifully draped with incrustations of radiated spar, and thousands of stalactites of purest white; besides, from the centre of this princely drawing room a sparkling fountain, strongly impregnated with sulphur, bursts up from a vast basin, and falling back, is heard to gurgle along the unexplored passages that lead off in every direction.  
The United States revenue accruing at the port of New York, during July, after making deductions for drawbacks, &c. is \$1,000,000.

**Late Foreign Intelligence**  
**Arrival of the Hibernia.**  
15 DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.  
The Royal Mail steam packet Hibernia Capt. Jenkins, arrived at her berth at East Boston Thursday night at 10 o'clock, from Liverpool, the 4th inst. after a passage of 13 days 5 1-2 hours, including the detention at Halifax. She left Liverpool on the afternoon of the 4th inst. at 4 1-2 o'clock, and reached Halifax at 8 A. M. on the 16th inst., and left that port same morning at 11 o'clock, and arrived at Boston at 10 o'clock Thursday night. She brought out 15 passengers to Halifax, and 67 to Boston from Liverpool.  
By her arrival Liverpool and London papers to the morning of the 4th have been received.  
The disturbances in Wales are still going on and have become really formidable. In Ireland, the repeal agitation is being carried on in its usual manner. O'Connell making his speeches at tremendous repeal meetings.  
The business during the interim of the sailing of the Acadia and the Hibernia was quite light. Money was abundant, but the funds were depressed in consequence of the unsatisfactory state of political affairs. In the Manufacturing and Iron districts there continues to exist the greatest depression. The Liverpool Cotton market was very healthy during the fortnight, and the business on an extensive scale at firm prices.  
The iron steamship Great Britain was launched at Bristol on the 19th ult. at half past 3 o'clock in the afternoon.  
SPAIN.—The events of the past fortnight in Spain, have terminated in the downfall of Espartero, whose energy is crushed forever. The whole country is disorganized.  
We are unable to publish, on account of the lateness of the hour, any details in this day's paper.  
**Notice.**—The Rev. Mr. HALL of Providence, is expected to preach at the Unitarian Church, to-morrow.  
**BRIGHTON MARKET, Monday, Aug. 11**  
Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser.  
At Market, 380 Beef Cattle, 10 pairs of Working Oxen, 15 Cows and Calves, 2500 Sheep, and 500 Swine.  
**Prices.—Beef Cattle.**—Last week's prices were fully sustained. We quote to correspond, viz: a few extra at 4 50 a 4 75. First quality \$4 25 a 4 50; second quality \$3 75 a 4 25; third quality, \$3 a 3 50.  
**Working Oxen.**—Sales at \$55, 60, and \$78.  
**Cows and Calves.**—Sales at \$18, 23, and 27.  
**Sheep.**—Lots were sold at \$1. 1 75, and 2.  
**Swine.**—Two small lots were sold for 5 and 6c. A lot to peddle at 4 1-2 for Sows, and 5 1-2 for Barrows. A few were retailed from 5 1-2 to 7c.  
**MARRIED.**  
In this town, on Tuesday last, by the Rev. Mr. Thayer, Mr. William Eddy, of Conn. to Miss Harriet C. L., daughter of Mr. Caleb Tripp, of this place.  
In Portsmouth, on Tuesday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Edmonds, Mr. John Almy to Miss Leonie S. Grinnell, all of Portsmouth.  
In Bristol, on Wednesday evening 11th inst. Mr. Melville G. Deane, of Cherryfield, Me., to Miss Sarah E., daughter of the Rev. Thomas Shepard, of that town.  
At New Shoreham, on Sunday afternoon last, Mr. Joseph Sherman, of this town, to Miss Charity Ball, daughter of Mr. Edmund Ball, of New Shoreham.  
In New York city, 30th ult. Mr. Amasa K. Slocum, of Providence, to Miss Mary A., daughter of Mr. Gardner Braman, of this town.  
**DIED.**  
In this town, on Saturday evening last, Elizabeth Stockford, infant daughter of Mr. Freeborn Coggeshall, aged 6 months.  
On Tuesday morning last, of consumption, Col. Thomas G. Brown, aged 45 years.  
At sea, on his passage from St. Jago to Cienfuegos, about June 4th, Jonathan Perry, master of the brig Aurora, of Wilmington, and son of the late Capt. David Perry, of this town, aged about 30 years.  
In Middletown, on the 6th ult. Mrs. Mary C., wife of Mr. Benajah Barker, and daughter of the late Nathaniel Barker, of Middletown, aged 36 years.  
In Portsmouth, on Saturday night last, very suddenly, Isaac Lawton, aged 87 years. A member of the society of Friends.  
On Tuesday last Mr. George Coggeshall, aged 76 years.  
At Wickford, on the 25th ult. Mr. John Ferrant, of this town, aged about 40 years.  
In Providence, on Sunday last, Rev. Joel Knight, of the Providence Conference, and Pastor of the Chestnut street Church in that city, and late Pastor of the Methodist Church in this town, aged 39 years.  
On the 10th inst. Mrs. Elizabeth Welch, in the 81st year of her age.—11th, after a lingering illness, Mrs. Sarah S., wife of Mr. Hosea Ballou, Jr. and daughter of the late Capt. John Tanner, of this town.  
At New Shoreham, on the 7th inst. Mr. J. R. H. Sands, only son of Nathaniel G. Sands, Esq. in the 37th year of his age.  
In Warwick, William S. Cranston, formerly of North Kingstown, aged 49 years and 11 months.  
In East Greenwich, 9th inst. of dropsy, Mrs. Mary, wife of Capt. Valentine Greece, in the 62 year of her age.  
At North Kingston on the 17th, Lois Anthony, wife of Thomas Anthony, aged 54 years.—a worthy member of the Society of Friends.  
At Newton, (Mass.) on the 11th inst. Rev. Jonathan Homer, D. D. late pastor of the first Congregational Church and Society in that place, aged 84 years.—Having been settled in the ministry for more than 61 years.  
At Clinton, Michigan, on the 5th inst. of Consumption, George Washington Bancroft, Preceptor of Clinton Seminary. Mr. B. was a

man of devoted piety and departed with a lively hope that he was dying the death of the righteous and that his last end shall be like his.  
"Thou art gone to the grave, but 'twere wrong to deplore thee,  
For God was thy ransom, thy guardian and guide.  
He gave thee and took thee, and soon will restore thee,  
Where death has no sting since the Saviour hath died."  
(Comm.)  
**MERCURY MARINE LIST.**  
**Port of Newport.**  
**ARRIVED.**  
**SATURDAY, August 12.**  
Sch'ss Clinton, Coleman, from Boston for Albany; A. M. Hale, Chace, do for N. York; Mayflower, King, and Hector, Kimbal, fm Rondout.  
Sloop Brunette, Smith, fm New London for Providence.  
**SUNDAY, August 13.**  
Brig Echo, Messer, fm Providence.  
Sch'ss Superior, Barlow, fm Sandwich for Connecticut River.  
Sloop Oscar, Presby, fm Taunton for New York.  
Sailed—Sch'ss Clinton, Albany; A. M. Hale, New York; Sloop New York, and Yantic, for New York; Emily, Hartford.  
**MONDAY August 14.**  
Sch'ss Bn. Reed, Cortell, fm Provincetown for New London; Isaac Jackson, Toby, from Sandwich for Philadelphia; Jane Henderson, Pollard, fm Philadelphia; Darius, Nickerson, fm Boston.  
Sloops James Lamphere, Kenny, fm Providence for New York; Annawon, Burdick, fm Philadelphia for Providence.  
Cleared—Sch'ss Darius, Providence.  
Sailed—Sch'ss N. Biddle, Philadelphia.  
**TUESDAY, August 15.**  
Sch'ss Lois, Hamble, fm Providence for Philadelphia.  
Sloop Jane, Hall, fm Pawcatuck for Providence.  
Sailed—Sloops Rienzi, and James Lamphere, New York.  
**WEDNESDAY, August 16.**  
Sch'ss Atlantic, of and from Fall River for Philadelphia; Katavia, Gilkey fm Bangor for Providence; Leo, Rogers, fm Bangor; John U. Dennis, Horton, fm Rondout.  
Sloops Hudson, Winslow, fm New Bedford for Providence; Three Sisters, Johnson, fm Martha's Vineyard for East Greenwich; Fame, Spellman, fm Providence for Albany.  
**THURSDAY, August 17.**  
Sch'ss Lady Clinton, fm New Bedford for Philadelphia; Henry Chase, fm Fall River for Albany.  
Sloops Vigilant, Heath, fm Providence; Arion, Heath, fm do for New York; Mary Nichols, Spencer, fm Nantucket for Providence; Delight, Barlow, fm Sandwich for Providence.  
Passed up this morning, ship Sarah & Arcelia.  
**MARINE MEMORANDA.**  
Arr at New York, 7th, Ship Wm. Engs. Com. from Trieste, May 15th, Gibraltar July 9th.  
Arrived at New York 8th, brig Octavia, Wado, 10 days from Baracoa, with fruit to G. Chase.  
Arr. at New Orleans, 2d, Sloop Belle, Johnson, Fort Leon.  
**WALERS.**  
Arr at New Bedford, 12th, ship Mount Vernon, Sherman, New Zealand, Talcahuana, May 14th, with a full cargo 3000 bbls wh and 300 sp oil.  
Bark Harvest, (of Fairhaven,) Hale, New Zealand via Rio Janeiro, June 20th with 1750 bbls whale and 50 bbls of sp oil.  
**Weekly Almanac.**  
1843.  
**AUGUST.**  

	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon High	Moon sets	Water
19 Saturday,	5 13	6 47	11 49	2 00	
20 Sunday,	5 14	6 46	11 50	2 52	
21 Monday,	5 16	6 44	0 45	3 46	
22 Tuesday,	5 17	6 43	1 48	4 40	
23 Wednesday,	5 18	6 42	2 57	5 34	
24 Thursday,	5 20	6 40	4 9	6 27	
25 Friday,	5 21	6 39	sets	7 20	

  
New Moon 29th 2h 10h 51m morning.  
**FOR SALE.**  
The estate on the Ferry Wharf, adjoining the estate of Mr. Thomas Peckham, it extends back to Chase's and Newton's wharf. If not sold at private sale before Thursday the 31st inst, it will on that day be sold at Public Auction, with two House lots in Newtown, at 11 o'clock. For terms please apply to JOB FRENCH, Fall River, or to JOHN J. ALLAN, Newport, Aug. 19.-2w.  
**At a Town Council, holden Newport, August, 7th 1843.**  
WHEREAS, a petition was presented to this Town Council, praying said Council to declare the highway or street in said Newport, leading from Barney street to Bull street, on which said highway or street, the Roman Catholic Chapel now fronts Easterly; to be a public highway, as is provided in the 7th section of an act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled, "an Act for laying out highways", the said highway or street having been quietly, peaceably and actually used and improved, and considered a public highway or street, for the space of twenty years and upwards; the said petition being read, and there being no persons interested in, or who have any claim to the land, over which said highway or street passes, known residing in this State, or without this State, It is ordered, that said petition be received, and the consideration thereof be referred to a Town Council, to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, on the 1st Monday in October next, at 9 o'clock a. m. and that notice be given by publishing a copy of this order, three weeks successively in the *Newport Mercury*, to the intent that all persons interested, may have an opportunity to shew cause, why such proceedings as are authorized as aforesaid, should not be had.  
A true copy, witness  
B. B. HOWLAND, Council Clerk.  
**BED TICKING.**  
VERY LOW by the piece or yard, at No. 132 by J. M. COOK & Co. Aug. 18.  
**JOB WORK, done at this Office.**

**FOR SALE.**  
1,000 lbs. First quality COTTON SEINE TWINE, for sale by P. GRINNELL & SONS. Providence, Aug. 19, 1843.  
**Commissioners' & Administrator's Notice.**  
THE subscribers having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive, examine and allow the claims of the creditors of the estate of Mary H. Easton, late of Newport, single woman, dec., represented insolvent, and six months from the date hereof being allowed by said court for the creditors to prove their claims before said Commissioners, we will attend at the house of Peter P. Remington, on the last Saturdays in September, October, and November next, at 3 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of deciding on claims of the creditors of said estate that shall be presented for allowance.  
JAMES LAWTON, }  
D. C. DENHAM, } Commrs.  
B. B. HOWLAND, }  
Newport, July 3, 1843.  
All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to P. P. REMINGTON, Adm'r. Newport, Aug. 12, 1843.  
**Commissioners' Notice.**  
THE Court of Probate of Newport, having opened the Commission for receiving claims of creditors of the Estate of William Turner, late of Newport, physician, dec., for thirty days from the 7th instant, the subscribers will attend at the office of B. B. Howland, on Saturday the 2d day of September next, at 2 o'clock, p. m. for the purpose of deciding on claims of creditors of said estate that shall be presented for allowance. Persons having claims may present them to either of us previous to said meeting.  
JAMES LAWTON, }  
PETER P. REMINGTON, } Commrs.  
B. B. HOWLAND, }  
Newport, Aug. 7, 1843.  
**CLERKS OFFICE.**  
Court of Probate, Newport, Aug. 11, 1843.  
WHEREAS an instrument in writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of  
ABIGAIL WEAVER,  
late of Newport, dec, was presented for Probate and Letters testamentary thereon, It is Ordered, That the same be received and the consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport the 1st Monday in September next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard. A true Copy—Witness  
B. B. HOWLAND Probate Clerk.  
**Court of Probate Newport, Aug. 7 1843.**  
THE Guardian of James Anthony, presented his guardianship account on his estate for allowance.  
It is ordered, That the same be received, and the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, the 1st Monday in September next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order 3 several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard. By Order,  
B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.  
**Court of Probate, Newport, Aug. 15th.**  
WHEREAS application was made for an Administrator to be appointed on the estate of  
JOHN BIGLEY,  
late of Newport, dec.  
It is ordered that the same be received and the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in Newport, the 1st Monday in September next, at 9 o'clock A. M. and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this order three weeks in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.  
By Order of the President,  
B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk.  
**Court of Probate, Little Compton, Aug. 14.**  
WHEREAS an instrument in writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of  
ROBY BRIGGS,  
late of Little Compton, widow, dec. was presented for Probate and Letters testamentary thereon,  
It is ORDERED, that the same be received and the consideration thereof be referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton, on Monday the 11th of September next, at 1 o'clock, p. m. & that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order, three weeks successively in the *Newport Mercury*, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place and be heard.  
By Order  
OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.  
**Court of Probate, Little Compton, Aug. 14.**  
WHEREAS Humphrey Woodman, Executor to the Will of  
EDWARD WOODMAN,  
deceased, applied for notice of settlement of his Account as Executor aforesaid, with this Court,  
It is ORDERED, that said settlement be referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall, in said Little Compton on Monday the 11th day of September next, at 1 o'clock, p. m. and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order, three several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.  
A true copy, witness  
OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.  
**Court of Probate, Little Compton, August, 14.**  
WHEREAS William M. Manley, Executor to the Will of  
WILLIAM MANLEY,  
deceased, applied for notice of settlement of his Account as Executor aforesaid, with this Court,  
It is ORDERED, that said settlement be referred to a Court of Probate to be held at the Town Hall in said Little Compton on Monday the 11th day of September next, at 1 o'clock, p. m. and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order, three several times in the *Newport Mercury*, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place and be heard.  
A true copy, witness  
OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.

**SALES AT AUCTION.**  
**Valuable Real Estate AT AUCTION.**  
Will be sold at Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, August 23d at 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises:  
THAT most desirable residence in School street, on the Hill, formerly owned and occupied by Gov. Collins. Its seldom that an opportunity is here offered for the purchase of a place so pleasantly situated, so well supplied with extensive gardens, out buildings and all convenient appurtenances. The conditions will be made known at the time and place of sale. For further particulars apply to  
WILLIAM ENNIS.  
Newport, July 22.  
**Assignee's Sale.**  
On Thursday, the 24th of Aug., 1843, at 11 o'clock, A. M., will be sold at Public Auction, on the premises.  
TWO Pews in Zion Church, situated in the middle aisle and being numbers 98 and 101. Conditions at the time and place of sale.  
J. C. SHAW, Auct'r.  
R. P. LEE, Assignee.  
Newport, Aug. 19, 1843.  
**FOR SALE.**  
and possession given the 1st of November next.  
THE BOARDING HOUSE in Kay st. (on the hill) for some years past occupied by Miss MEMPHIS, the situation is charming, the house is very commodious, and is desirable may be enlarged at comparatively small expense.—As Miss M. is about retiring from the business, she will sell the furniture at very reasonable rates.—So that altogether it offers a very eligible chance to any one disposed to engage in the business. For terms &c. apply to  
GEO. ENGS.  
Newport, Aug. 12, 1843.—3w.  
**New Arrangement for Newport.**  
THE STEAMER  
**JOLAS,**  
CAPT. F. WOOLSEY,  
Will leave Providence for Newport, as follows: Leave Providence every day, Sunday excepted, 9 3-4 o'clock a. m.  
Returning will leave Newport at 4 o'clock P. M.  
The Jolas will land at India Point to receive passengers from Boston.  
Sunday will leave Providence at 8 1-2 o'clock A. M. Returning leave Newport at 4 1-2 P. M.  
Fare, 50 cents. Freight of all descriptions taken at Packet prices whatever it may be. [Aug. 19.]  
**NOTICE.**  
BE IT REMEMBERED, that the Town Council of the town of Newport, will meet as a Board of Canvassers, at the Town Hall in Newport, on FRIDAY, the 25th day of August, instant, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of further correcting the Lists of Voters for the town of Newport, previous to the Election of a Representative to the House of Representatives of the 29th Congress of the United States, from the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, for the Eastern District of said State.—The Town Meeting for which Election by law will be holden on Tuesday, the 29th instant, and it is ordered that notice of said Meeting of the Board of Canvassers as aforesaid, be given at least ten days before said time of Meeting, by publishing notice thereof, the first publication whereof to be inserted in the *Herald of the Times* of the 10th inst.  
By order,  
B. B. HOWLAND, Council Clerk.  
Newport, Aug. 10, 1843.  
**Opposition Line.**  
**FOR NEW YORK,**  
From Long Wharf Newport.  
The New, commodious and fast sailing Steamboat,  
**CURTIS PECK,**  
CAPT. WILLIAM H. PECK.  
Will leave Newport for New York, THIS AFTERNOON, at about half past seven o'clock, FARE \$1.—DECK 50 Cts.  
For further information, apply to C. N. TILLEY, Agent, No. 142, Thames st.  
Regular days for leaving Newport for New York, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. From New York, Monday and Wednesdays and Fridays.  
**For Providence and Boston.**  
The steamboat Curtis Peck, will leave Newport for Providence every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings at half past 4 o'clock, and arrive in time for passengers to take the Accommodation Train of Cars for Boston at 7 3-4 o'clock. By this arrangement passengers can spend nearly a whole day in Providence or Boston and return to Newport at half past 7 the same evening.  
Newport, July 22.  
**DRY GOODS**  
FANCY and Staple Dry Goods, at reduced prices, at No. 132, by J. M. COOK & CO. Aug. 5.



## Poetry.

### The Dying Boy.

Ay, mother, weep! this hour that boy will die  
Your love, your beautiful, and only one!  
The wing of death is on his lip—every sigh  
Comes struggling fainter from his lip of stone.  
A closing weight rests on his azure eye,  
Like evening's folding touch on some blue flower.  
Gaze there—while yet to think it may reply,  
And thou may'st thrill beneath its love-lit power.

Thou wilt not deem it so! though day by day  
Thou'lt see, with all thy woman-tenderness,

The smile upon his face more faintly play;  
His look betray more pleading languidness;  
And seen decay, with desecrating stealth,  
His vermeil cheek despoiling of its bloom—  
His floating ringle of his lustrous wealth—  
And flinging there the shadow of the tomb!

Ah! 'tis no fantasy! the stricken thing  
That like a dying bird lies quivering there,  
Was late thy bright-eyed boy, whose spirit's wing  
So much of radiance owned and freedom rare—  
Ay! part of thy young self! Delight so grew,  
That joy became a tremor in thy breast;  
And his strange loveliness so rich a hue  
Centred round, earth seemed in Eden-newness dressed.

O, the deep sense of rarest ecstasy  
I were vain to tell, that in thy heart had birth,  
When he—a rosy-creature—graceful, free,  
Play'd at thy side and revel'd in his mirth;  
Or, when mid stilly silence thou didst wake,  
To watch while pillow'd on thine arm he lay.

And the lone vigil kept for his dear sake,  
And heard his low and dove-like breathing play!

Was for thee, mother, was the wilder bliss  
Such moments gave thee, thine can be no more;  
Like a bright dream 'twill fade—yet O, thou'lt miss  
Its spell so ravishing thy bosom's core;

Years may roll on and thou may'st linger here,  
When every rose-leaf of the heart is shed,  
Yet wilt thou mourn, with many a burning tear,  
The early lost—the beautiful—the dead!

Yet cheer thee in this hour! His dwelling-place  
Will be in lowly where Sabbath-stillness reigns;  
Where, on the flower, dark change no'er leaves a trace,  
Nor on the joy rude passion serpent stains;

He is too finely-wrought to languish where  
The rainbow arches but to melt away;  
And every lovely sound and vision fair  
Swells but the dirge—the trophies of decay!

New Mirror.

### Be kind to each other.

BY CHARLES SWAIN.

Be kind to each other!  
The night's coming on,  
When friend and when brother  
Perchance may be gone!  
Then 'midst our dejection,  
How sweet to have earned  
The best recollection  
Of kindness—returned!

When day hath departed  
And Memory keeps  
Her watch on broken hearted,  
Where all else loved sleeps!  
Let falsehood assail not,  
Nor envy disprove—  
Let trifles prevail not—  
Against those we love!  
Nor change with to-morrow,  
Should fortune take wing,  
But the deeper the sorrow,  
The closer still cling!  
Oh, be kind to each other!  
The night's coming on,  
When friend and when brother  
Perchance may be gone!

### A Chronological Account

of all material Occurrences from the first settlement of RHODE ISLAND.

#### 1701-2.

King William III. died at Kensington, on the 8th of March in the 52d year of his age and 14th of his reign.

Queen Anne, the daughter of King James II. succeeded to the throne, and was proclaimed with the usual solemnity.

#### 1702.

Samuel Cranston, was re-elected Governor and Walter Clarke Deputy Governor.

The Queen, of England, the Emperor of Germany, and the State General of Holland, issue a declaration of War against France and Spain.

The General Assembly order a Fortification to be erected at Newport, to mount 12 guns.

The Governor and council were directed to erect a common Gaol in Newport.

The Assembly was called in September by the Governor, to consider a demand made by Gov. Dudley, of Massachusetts, for the service of the Militia of this Colony. The Assembly appointed a Committee to address her Majesty, representing the situation of the Colony.—The demand was not complied with.

Capt. Joseph Sheffield was appointed Agent to England.

About this time a French Privateer invested the Coast, and committed great depredations on the commerce of New England. An expedition was fitted out from Newport under the command of Capt. William Wanton, who by a daring and successful stratagem succeeded with an inferior force in capturing the enemy and bringing her into port.

The Assembly order that the charge for entertaining prisoners taken by Capt. William Wanton, shall be paid out of her Majesty's 10th of the prizes, provided if the sum be not allowed by her Majesty, that the same be paid and borne by this Colony.

The Assembly sent an apology to Lord Cornbury, the Governor of New York, for not complying with his requisition of men and money, towards maintaining the war with France, pleading as an ex-

cuse the weakness and exposure of the Colony and the great expense they had been at for Fortifications.

An act was passed to pay the Debtors out of the General Treasury.

The first Episcopal Church in Newport, was organized this year.

(To be Continued.)

**EFFECT OF STRONG EXCITEMENT ON THE DURATION OF LIFE.**—It is a question of deep interest to the medical philosopher, how far the constitution of modern society affects the production of disease and the duration of life. "It is not the direct and known risks to our health," says a late writer in Blackwood, "which acts with the most fatal effects, but the semi-conscious condition, the atmosphere of circumstances, with which artificial life surrounds us. The great cities of Europe, perhaps London above all others under the modern modes of life and business, create a vortex of preternatural tumult, a rush and phrensy of excitement which is fatal to far more than are heard of as express victims to that system."

Existence in the active world of a large city necessarily involves, as society is now constituted, such a degree of mental wear and tear, that the most robust physical organization cannot long sustain it without suffering. The excitement of politics, trade and commerce, the intellectual efforts of the statesman to meet the demands of his high station, the anxieties of the great merchant whose millions are at stake, stimulate the mind to such activity, that disease is inevitable. Nervous affections, disorders of the brain and insanity, seem the almost unavoidable evils of our higher civilization. These facts, if true of older countries, apply with tenfold more force to society as organized in America. The very spirit of our institutions urging to constant progression, the frequency of political change, the absence of fixedness of social position, the rich man of to-day being the poor man of tomorrow, the continuous struggle for advancement, the prize being accessible to all, the disenchantment from antiquated modes of thought and the universal spirit of free inquiry, beget an unrest unknown to more ancient forms of society. It is not surprising, then, that insanity, nervous diseases, and the disorders of the digestive functions, the frequent effects of excessive mental activity, should abound to such an extent among us.

## Agricultural.



### Things to be Remembered.

Horses should never be put to work on a full stomach. More horses are hurt by hard driving after a full feed, than by a full feed after hard driving. If the farmer wishes to have his pork barrel and meal chest hold out, let him look well to his Kitchen Garden. Plenty of vegetables conduce not more to health than to profit.

In laying in your stock of winter fodder for animals, let it not be forgotten that a little too much is just enough. Starving animals at any time is miserable policy.

As you treat your land so it will treat you. Feed it with manures liberally, and it will yield your bread bountifully.

Avoid debts as you would leprosy. If you are ever tempted to purchase on credit, put it off for three days.—You need time for reflection.

Never beg fruit or any thing else you can produce by the expenditure of a little time or labor. It is as reasonable to expect a man to give away the products of his wheat field, as of his orchard or fruit garden.

If you keep your sheep and cattle in your meadows until June, don't complain next winter because you are compelled to purchase hay for your stock.

The man who uses good seed, has a good soil, and works it in good season, rarely fails of having a good crop to reward his toil.

Never forfeit your word. The saying in truth, of any farmer, his word is as good as his bond, is worth more to him than the interest of \$10,000 annually.

Albany Cultivator.

Cows give a flood of milk now, if you demand it of them at regular hours and take away every drop they have to spare. But if you leave part in the udder and seem careless about taking the whole, you cannot expect the cow to make extra efforts in your favor.—She must be milked clean, and the milk must be taken from her as rapidly as possible after it begins to flow. Children must not be allowed to learn the art of milking on cows that you do not mean to dry off soon.

Massachusetts Ploughman.

THE HAY CROP in Maine, this year will be about a third heavier than it was last year.

**JOB WORK,** done at this Office.

From the Boston Courier, Monday, Aug. 14  
**WOOL.**—Moderate sales of Fleece have been made at quotations. The market is nearly bare of pulled Wool.

**Prices of Wool.**—Prime Saxony Fleeces washed, 37 a 40 cents per lb.; American fell blood do, 33 a 35; do 34 do, 32 a 34; do 1-2 do 29 a 30; 14 and common do 25 a 27; Super. fine Northern pulled lambs, 28 a 32; No 1, do do 25 a 27 No 2 do do 18 a 22; No 3 do do 12 a 15.

### Sea-Baths on the Long Wharf.

Nature's Grand Restorer!

EVERY day and evening, from 6 o'clock A. M. to 9 P. M. (Sundays excepted), Warm, Shower and Swimming Baths. These Baths impart agreeable sensations to the mind, keep the skin clear and clean, the body healthy and vigorous; removing the dead particles of the cuticle, causing the blood to circulate freely, lighting up a fresh and healthy glow in the most sallow countenance.—Those who participate in these luxuries improve their disposition and memory.

June 10.] E. TREVELL.

### Stacy's Cottage at the Beach.

THIS Establishment will be opened this day for the first time this season, and will continue open through the Summer months for the accommodation of Visitors at the Beach, where may be found Refreshments of the best kind, such as:—

Ice Creams & Water ices,  
Soda Water, & Beer,  
Fruit, Cakes, Pies, &c. &c.

Confectionary of the very best quality, and at as reasonable Prices as any in town.  
T. STACY, Jr.  
Newport, May 27.

### SPENCER'S

Pills, Syrup, and Plaster.

THE numerous proofs daily received of the utility of SPENCER'S VEG-ETABLE PILLS, not only from professional men, but also from individuals, previously unknown to the proprietors, many of them guardians and instructors of youth, who speak from personal knowledge, together with the rapid sale, completely satisfies him that he has not been deceived. Those recommendations have fully sustained it as a certain cure for the headache, as also a sure remedy for many other complaints it used according to the directions which accompany them.

For sale by MARY TILLEY, No. 49 Spring street.

### Marine and Fire Insurance

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, Providence, R. I. continue to insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactures, Building and Merchandise, and also against MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—The capital stock is

\$150,000.

All paid in and well invested.—Directors elected June 6th, 1842:—

William Rhodes, Solomon Townsend,  
William Kelly, Tully D. Bowen,  
Robert R. Stafford, Nathaniel Bishop,  
Amos D. Smith, George S. Rathbone,  
Resolved Waterman, Caleb Harris and  
Shubael Hutchings, Jabez Bullock,  
Ebenezer Kelley.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested to direct their applications (which should be accompanied with a particular description of the property) per mail, to the resident and Secretary of the Company, and the same will meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made in Newport to GEORGE HOWEN, Agent.

WILLIAM RHODES, President.  
ALEXO. PECK, Sec'y.  
American Insurance Co's }  
Office, July 14, 1842.

### Executor's and Commissioners' Notice.

THE subscribers having been duly appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive, examine and allow the claims of the creditors of the estate of

FANNY DAVIS,  
late of Newport, (a woman of color) represented insolvent, and six months from the date hereof being allowed by said Court for the creditors to prove their claims before said Commissioners, we will attend at the House of Richard Shaw, on the first Saturday of October, November and December next, at 3 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of deciding on such claims, as may be presented for allowance.

RICHARD SHAW,  
DANIEL BROWN, } Commissioners.  
JOHN C. CARD, }

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

ROBERT R. CARR, Executor.  
Newport, June 9.

### Assessors' Notice.

THE subscribers give notice that they have been chosen Assessors, to assess a Tax of Eleven thousand Three Hundred Dollars, ordered to be assessed at the Annual Town Meeting, holden on the 5th day of June last on the inhabitants of the town of Newport, and the taxable property therein, to be collected and paid into the Town Treasury on or before the 1st day of December next:—We therefore call upon all persons interested, to give in to either of us, a list of their rateable Estates, under oath, on or before Monday the 14th day of August next.

And we likewise give notice that we have appointed and duly authorized Wm. H. Read and John W. Davis, Jr. to make enrolment of those liable to do military duty in the town of Newport agreeably to the 4th, 5th, and 6th sections of the militia law passed in June sessions of the General Assembly, A. D. 1843, and all persons are hereby required to govern themselves accordingly.

ROBERT SHERMAN, 2d., } Assessors.  
DANIEL C. DENHAM, }  
ISAIAH CROCKER, }  
Newport, July 29, 1843.

## NEWPORT DYE-HOUSE.

John H. Clegg

SILK, COTTON, and WOOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his friends and the public, that he has taken the DYE HOUSE, formerly occupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner street, where he is prepared to dye and finish at 10 days notice in the best manner, the following articles, viz:

Broadcloths, Silks,  
Cassimeres, Crapes,  
Merinos, Satins,  
Circassians, Pongees,  
Bombazines, Hosiery  
Gloves, &c. &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet, yarns, merino, circassian, bombazine, and crape dresses; gentlemen's woollen garments, such as dress, frock and great coats, suits, vests, and pantaloons—died and pressed without ripping.

He will also clean gentlemen's woollen garments of every description, in a neat style—merino and Cashmere shawls cleaned and whitened, without injury to the border—carpets and woollen table cloths cleaned also.

All articles left at the Dye House in Tanner Street, or the following Agents will receive prompt attention.—Mrs. Ann M. Eddy, next north of the Perry Factory. A. M. Thomas, Wickford, John Hedley, Portsmouth.

February 19, 1842.

At the Sign of the "Good Samaritan,"

NO 92 Thames Street.

JUST RECEIVED

From Boston in addition to the former Stock of

Medicine Dye Stuffs and

Perfumery,

Extract of Rose,

Do do Orange,

Do do Honey,

Do do Burgamot,

Do do Myrtle,

Do do Magnolia,

Do do Woodbine,

Milk of Roses, Balm of Columbia.

Macassar, Buffalo, Bears, & Anique Oil, for the hair.

French Lotion for chapped hands.

Cold Cream and Lip Salve,

German, French & American Cologne,

Sir James Murray's Fluid Magnesia,

Henry's Calomel Magnesia,

English Winsor, and other soaps,

Edes, Kidders, & Paysons Indelible Ink.

ALSO, Medicine Chests, for Families, or Vessels, and a general assortment of Medicine, warranted of the first quality.—For sale as above.

CHARLES COTTON.

Newport Oct. 15, 1842.

### DR. PETERS' Medicated Lozenges.

PETERS' COUGH LOZENGES are now

rapidly superseding all other preparations for the relief of coughs, colds, asthma, whooping coughs, tightness of the chest, bronchitis, and similar pulmonary affections.

Peters' Cordial Lozenges

Are a specific for the relief of nervous or sick headache, lowness of spirits, or melancholy, languor and debility, either from previous disease or too free living, tremors, spasm of the stomach, irritability of the nerves, hysterical affection, drowsiness, cholera morbus, sense of fatigue and palpitation of the heart. From their efficacy in the relief of headache, they are called by many the Headache Lozenge.

Peters' Worm Lozenges.

These are the desiderata so long required. They are so perfectly pleasant to the taste and gentle in their operations, that they may be fearlessly administered to the youngest infant, and yet no medicine heretofore discovered can be named in comparison with it as a destroyer of worms.

Peters' Cathartic or Health Lozenge.

These lozenges will be found perfectly efficient, speedy, and safe in their operation. They purify the system, purge the blood of every noxious substance, restore the functions of the whole animal economy, and leave the individual with a reinvigorated constitution.

As an alternative medicine, Peters' Health Lozenge stands unrivalled. On the approach of warm weather in the Spring they may be taken by all with decided benefit; often preventing a protracted sickness.

Peters' Vegetable Shilling Strengthening Plaster.

This is not only the cheapest, but the best, neatest, and most comfortable plaster in existence.

Peters' Shilling Plaster is an easy and most effective remedy for pain in the breast, side, or stomach, weakness or pain in the chest, loins, or back, stiffness of the neck, affections of the limbs or joints, whether produced by rheumatism or other causes, habitual pain of the head or stomach, piles, colds, coughs, liver complaints, weakness of the spine, predisposition to break out in blives and pimples, listlessness of the frame; and for general debilitation.

Let any person afflicted as above try one of Peters' Shilling Plasters, and we will venture to say that he could not be prevailed on to discard it again, for ten, or most probably for a hundred dollars. Price 12 1-2 cents.

To the Whole World!

PETERS' PILLS.—It is admitted by all who have used them (and who has not?) that Dr. Peters' Vegetable Pills are the most unrivalled medicine ever discovered by the ingenuity of man. They are a sovereign cure for the following complaints:—Yellow and bilious fevers, fever and ague, dyspepsia, erup, liver complaint, sick headache, jaundice, asthma, dropsy, rheumatism, enlargement of the spine, piles, colic, female obstructions, heartburn, turned tongue, nausea, distension of the stomach and bowels, incipient diarrhoea, flatulency, habitual costiveness, loss of appetite, bloated or sallow complexion, and all cases of torpor of the bowels, where a cathartic or an aperient is needed.

They are exceedingly mild in their operation, producing neither nausea, griping or debility. Price 25 cents a box.

Come one, come all, and have your wills, By Patronizing PETERS' PILLS.

For sale at No. 142 Thames st.

Newport, by

CHARLES N. TILLEY, Agent.

March 19.

## PERFUMERY.

AN assortment of choice perfumery, consisting of a great variety of Fancy Soaps, Guerlain's & King's Shaving Cream, French and German Cologne, Lavender Water, Edes Hedyonnia and Verbena extracts—Saisy's celebrated handkerchief perfumes—Kesan Soap, Bear's Grease, Ox Marrow Pomade &c. &c.  
April 29] R. J. TAYLOR'S.

### LUCINA CORDIAL.

MAGNIN'S LUCINA CORDIAL, for the most speedy cure of incipient consumption, barrenness, impotency, leucorrhoea or whites, gleet, obstructed, difficult or painful menstruation, incontinence of urine, or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system no matter whether the result, of inherent causes, or of causes produced by irregularity, illness, or accident.

The wide spread celebrity of this wonderful and inestimable cordial in both hemispheres is a sufficient guarantee for its quick and positive success in curing all the above affections and complaints. Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all weakness and lassitude, before taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervousness or looseness of the female frame, which is the only cause of barrenness, and which, prior to Dr. Magnin's discovery, was considered to be incurable.—And it speedily removes the impediments produced by prostration, which frequently deter men from getting married. Language, indeed, cannot do justice to the merits of the Lucina Cordial, which is regarded by the heads of the faculty in all parts of the world as one of the most important medical discoveries of any age. Price \$3 per bottle. Sold at No. 142 Thames Street, Newport.

March 18.

### HAIR TONIC.

For the Growth, Preservation and Restoration of the Hair.

N O matter how bald a person may be, as naturally too as herbage grows on the plain, or the lily in the valley. This Tonic is warranted to cleanse the hair from Dandruff, and every other accumulating substance. Is your hair dry and falling out?—The Tonic will moisten and fix it firmly in the head. Is your hair thin or your head bald?—The Tonic is warranted to satisfy the largest desires in thickening the hair in the first case and covering the Bald Head with natural hair, in the second.

It is composed of the most remedial agents that restore the skin at once to a sound and healthy condition, when thus restored, you will soon discover on the head, a short soft and beautiful growth of young hair, gradually increasing in length, till it becomes like your other hair was before you began to lose it.

FALES' COUGH, WORM, HEADACHE and Diarrhoea or Dysentery LOZENGES are sale, certain and agreeable remedies for the diseases for which they are recommended.

Numerous, speedy and surprising cures have been effected by their use, hence their popularity.

DR. PETERS' ORACLE OF HEALTH. (Philadelphia) Says that Fales' Medicated Lozenges are considered by those who have used them, to be far superior to Sherrin's or any other introduced into that market.

THE COUGH LOZENGES are beneficial in all cases of common colds, hooping cough, asthmatic affections, inflammation of the throat and lungs; they are also particularly beneficial for the croup, and a very good substitute for the celebrated Hives Syrup, Cough Candies, Quinsy Cordials, Pulmonary Balsams, &c.

THE WORM LOZENGES are a safe and sure remedy for Worms. Two or three is a dose for very small children, and five or six for larger ones.

THE DYSENTERY LOZENGES are a certain and agreeable remedy for Diarrhoea, and (towel Complaints of Children)—Full directions as to diet and manner of taking them, accompany each box.

THE HEADACHE OR CAMPHOR LOZENGES, are beneficial in cases of nervous headache and feverish affections of a typhus character. They are useful in Rheumatism and peripneumony; also in eruptive diseases, to favor the eruption or bring it back when it has suddenly receded from the skin, as sometimes happens in measles and small pox.

N. B. Be sure that J. J. FALES, M. D., Boston, is on the side of the Box that you buy.

For sale in Newport, at the Confectionary and Variety store of

T. STACY, Jr.

July 1.

### The Most Highly Approved MEDICINE NOW IN GENERAL USE FOR COUGHS, COLDS, AND all diseases of the Lungs.

THE VEGETABLE PULMONARY BALSAM is believed to be the most popular Medicine ever known in America, for coughs, colds, asthma or phthisis, consumption, whooping cough, and Pulmonary affections of every kind.

Extracts from Certificates.

Dr. Samuel Morrill of Concord, N.H. writes that he is satisfied the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam is a valuable medicine, having been used with complete success in cases which had previously resisted the most approved prescriptions.

Dr. Truman Abell of Lempster, N.H. writes that he confidently recommends its use in all complaints of the chest, as equal, if not superior to any other medicine within his knowledge.

Dr. Amory Hunting of Franklin, Mass. writes that after having prescribed the usual remedies without relief, and having consulted with several eminent physicians, he has found the Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam to have had the desired effect, and recommends it as a safe, convenient and efficacious medicine.

Dr. Thomas Brown, of Concord, N.H. writes that to his knowledge, it has never disappointed the reasonable expectations of those who have used it.

The public are particularly cautioned against the many Counterfeits or Imitations, which have partially or wholly assumed the name of the genuine article.

It is assured that it is not genuine unless one or both of the written signatures of SAMUEL REED or Wm. JON'S CUTLER, are found attached to a yellow label on a blue envelope. (All labels of and after the date of Dec. 1839, will have the written signature of Wm. Jon's Cutler, Prepared by REED, WISE & CUTLER, (late Low & Reed,) Wholesale Druggists, 54 Chatham Street, Boston, and sold by Druggists, Apothecaries, and Country Merchants generally. Price 50 cents.

October 29, 1842.

The above Balsam is for sale in

Newport, by R. J. TAYLOR, Agent

## Those Laboring Under

sickness can at once relieve themselves from the thousand maladies that flesh is heir to if they will only follow the counsels of nature, and take the medicine which best assists her in her operations. That medicine is the Vegetable Life Medicines of Dr. Moffat. The wonderful and miraculous cures which his Life Pills and Phoenix Bitters have everywhere performed, place them before all other medicines ever offered to the public. Composed entirely of vegetable substances they overcome the disease without corrupting the blood or weakening and destroying the constitution. Their nature is such that when taken into the stomach they are digested like other food, and are distributed throughout the whole system, giving additional strength to the sound parts, and purifying and restoring the weak and diseased. They not only act as a purgative in cleansing the bowels of all impurities, but they open the pores of the whole body, assist and promote all the animal secretions, and give a healthy vigor to the whole system. This is not idle declamation uttered without truth and only for effect, but is fully corroborated by innumerable letters and certificates which daily pour in upon the proprietor of the Vegetable Life Pills, from thousands who are grateful for a recovery of their health—a recovery which all other remedies had failed to procure them, and which they despaired of ever receiving. It is thus fully proved that the operations of nature are simple, and that disease of all kinds may easily be eradicated if the right course is taken to effect their cure. That course, we repeat, is to use Dr. Moffat's Life Pills and Phoenix Bitters. The beneficial results they produce on the human system are apparent as soon as their use is commenced. A single box cannot be taken without giving a relief to the sufferer which will convince him of their efficacy. All who value their health, their time, and their money, will at least try the Life Medicines when attacked with sickness. Being composed entirely of vegetables no injury can possibly arise from such a trial, and once tried they will forever supersede the necessity of a physician's services, or a physician's exorbitant charges.

These Valuable Medicines